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CUBA.

HABANA—Inspection of Vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Villoldo reports, December 28, 1909, and January 5, 1910:

Week ended December 25, 1909.

Bills of health issued.....	17
Vessels inspected.....	16
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected.....	725
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	464
Certificates of inspection of hides issued.....	5

No quarantinable disease reported during the week.

Week ended January 1, 1910.

Bills of health issued.....	25
Vessels inspected.....	19
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected.....	856
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	7
Vaccination certificates issued.....	20
Immune certificates issued.....	3

No quarantinable disease reported.

MATANZAS—Inspection of Vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, December 2, 1909, and January 3, 1910:

Week ended December 25, 1909. Bill of health granted to 1 vessel for the United States. Week ended January 1, 1910. Bills of health granted to 4 vessels for the United States.

No quarantinable disease was reported. For the period from December 10 to 20 the department of sanitation reported the inspection of 3,370 houses; from December 11 to 31, 2,497 houses inspected.

SANTIAGO—Inspection of Vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, December 30:

Week ended December 25. Bills of health issued to 4 vessels bound for the United States. No new case of quarantinable disease reported. One death from leprosy reported.

The sanitary department reports that 2,627 houses were inspected.

GERMANY.

BERLIN—Status of Cholera in East Prussia.

The following information has been received from the American embassy at Berlin, through the Department of State:

December 4. Two cases of cholera have been officially reported in the district of Heydekrug since November 19.

December 30. The imperial health office states that as no further cases of cholera have been reported and as during the 5 days following the isolation of the last case of cholera neither a death from cholera nor a new case of that disease has occurred and all proper measures of disinfection have been taken, according to article 9 of the international agreement of December 3, 1903, the districts attacked by the disease may be considered now no longer infected.